Military Equipment

709.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE
The purpose of this policy is to provide guidelines for the approval, acquisition, and reporting requirements of military equipment (Government Code § 7070; Government Code § 7071; Government Code § 7072).

709.1.1 DEFINITIONS
Definitions related to this policy include (Government Code § 7070):

**Governing body** – The elected or appointed body that oversees the Department.

**Military equipment** – Includes but is not limited to the following:

- Unmanned, remotely piloted, powered aerial or ground vehicles.
- Mine-resistant ambush-protected (MRAP) vehicles or armored personnel carriers.
- High mobility multipurpose wheeled vehicles (HMMWV), two-and-one-half-ton trucks, five-ton trucks, or wheeled vehicles that have a breaching or entry apparatus attached.
- Tracked armored vehicles that provide ballistic protection to their occupants.
- Command and control vehicles that are either built or modified to facilitate the operational control and direction of public safety units.
- Weaponized aircraft, vessels, or vehicles of any kind.
- Battering rams, slugs, and breaching apparatuses that are explosive in nature. This does not include a handheld, one-person ram.
- Firearms and ammunition of .50 caliber or greater, excluding standard-issue shotguns and standard-issue shotgun ammunition.
- Specialized firearms and ammunition of less than .50 caliber, including firearms and accessories identified as assault weapons in Penal Code § 30510 and Penal Code § 30515, with the exception of standard-issue firearms.
- Any firearm or firearm accessory that is designed to launch explosive projectiles.
- Noise-flash diversionary devices and explosive breaching tools.
- Munitions containing tear gas or OC, excluding standard, service-issued handheld pepper spray.
- TASER® Shockwave, microwave weapons, water cannons, and long-range acoustic devices (LRADs).
- Kinetic energy weapons and munitions.
- Any other equipment as determined by a governing body or a state agency to require additional oversight.
Military Equipment

709.2 POLICY
It is the policy of the Dos Palos Police Department that members of this department comply with the provisions of Government Code § 7071 with respect to military equipment.

709.3 MILITARY EQUIPMENT COORDINATOR
The Chief of Police should designate a member of this department to act as the military equipment coordinator. The responsibilities of the military equipment coordinator include but are not limited to:

(a) Acting as liaison to the governing body for matters related to the requirements of this policy.
(b) Identifying department equipment that qualifies as military equipment in the current possession of the Department, or the equipment the Department intends to acquire that requires approval by the governing body.
(c) Conducting an inventory of all military equipment at least annually.
(d) Collaborating with any allied agency that may use military equipment within the jurisdiction of Dos Palos Police Department (Government Code § 7071).
(e) Preparing for, scheduling, and coordinating the annual community engagement meeting to include:
   1. Publicizing the details of the meeting.
   2. Preparing for public questions regarding the department’s funding, acquisition, and use of equipment.
(f) Preparing the annual military equipment report for submission to the Chief of Police and ensuring that the report is made available on the department website (Government Code § 7072).
(g) Establishing the procedure for a person to register a complaint or concern, or how that person may submit a question about the use of a type of military equipment, and how the Department will respond in a timely manner.

709.4 MILITARY EQUIPMENT INVENTORY
The following constitutes a list of qualifying equipment for the Department:

DPPD Military Equipment list.pdf

709.5 APPROVAL
The Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall obtain approval from the governing body by way of an ordinance adopting the military equipment policy. As part of the approval process, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee shall ensure the proposed military equipment policy is submitted to the governing body and is available on the department website at least 30 days prior to any public hearing concerning the military equipment at issue (Government Code § 7071). The
Military Equipment

Military equipment policy must be approved by the governing body prior to engaging in any of the following (Government Code § 7071):

(a) Requesting military equipment made available pursuant to 10 USC § 2576a.
(b) Seeking funds for military equipment, including but not limited to applying for a grant, soliciting or accepting private, local, state, or federal funds, in-kind donations, or other donations or transfers.
(c) Acquiring military equipment either permanently or temporarily, including by borrowing or leasing.
(d) Collaborating with another law enforcement agency in the deployment or other use of military equipment within the jurisdiction of this department.
(e) Using any new or existing military equipment for a purpose, in a manner, or by a person not previously approved by the governing body.
(f) Soliciting or responding to a proposal for, or entering into an agreement with, any other person or entity to seek funds for, apply to receive, acquire, use, or collaborate in the use of military equipment.
(g) Acquiring military equipment through any means not provided above.

709.6 COORDINATION WITH OTHER JURISDICTIONS
Military equipment used by any member of this jurisdiction shall be approved for use in accordance with this policy. Military equipment used by other jurisdictions that are providing mutual aid to this jurisdiction shall comply with their respective military equipment use policies in rendering mutual aid.

709.7 ANNUAL REPORT
Upon approval of a military equipment policy, the Chief of Police or the authorized designee should submit a military equipment report to the governing body for each type of military equipment approved within one year of approval, and annually thereafter for as long as the military equipment is available for use (Government Code § 7072).

The Chief of Police or the authorized designee should also make each annual military equipment report publicly available on the department website for as long as the military equipment is available for use. The report shall include all information required by Government Code § 7072 for the preceding calendar year for each type of military equipment in department inventory.

709.8 COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT
Within 30 days of submitting and publicly releasing the annual report, the Department shall hold at least one well-publicized and conveniently located community engagement meeting, at which the Department should discuss the report and respond to public questions regarding the funding, acquisition, or use of military equipment.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Equipment Type:</strong></th>
<th>12-gauge Less Lethal Shotguns with Drag Stabilized Beanbag rounds-CA Gov’t Code §7070(c)(14)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Quantity Owned/Sought:</strong></td>
<td>7 owned</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Equipment Capabilities:</strong></td>
<td>The Remington 870 12-gauge less-lethal shotgun is used to deploy the less-lethal 12-gauge munitions to assist personnel in de-escalating volatile situations more safely and to enhance officer and community safety.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Manufacturer Product Description:</strong></td>
<td>Remington 870 Less-Lethal Shotgun- The Remington 870 less-lethal shotgun is used to deploy the less-lethal 12-gauge munitions up to a distance of 75 feet. The range of the weapon system helps to maintain space between officers and a suspect reducing the immediacy of the threat which is a principle of de-escalation. All less-lethal shotguns are designed by an orange buttstock and forend. Safariland 12 gauge drag stabilized round- The Drag Stabilized™ 12-Gauge Round is a translucent 12-Gauge shell loaded with a 40-Gram tear shaped bag made from a cotton and ballistic material blend and filled with #9 shot. This design utilizes four stabilizing tails and utilizes smokeless powder as the propellant. The round has a velocity of 270 feet per second with a maximum effective range of 75 feet.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Purpose:</strong></td>
<td>The less-lethal shotgun is used to deploy the less-lethal 12-gauge munitions to assist personnel in de-escalating volatile situations more safely and to enhance officer and community safety.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Authorized Uses:</strong></td>
<td>Situations for use of less-lethal weapons systems include, but are not limited to: 1. Self-destructive, dangerous and/or combative individuals 2. Potentially vicious animals 3. Training exercises</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Expected Lifespan:</strong></td>
<td>Shotguns-10-15 years. Less-lethal ammunition expires after 5 years.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fiscal Impacts:</strong></td>
<td>The shotguns do not require any financial commitment other than any repairs/maintenance. The ammunition costs approximately $7.00 per round, and must be replaced every 5 years, for a total cost of $350.00 for 50 rounds.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Training required:</strong></td>
<td>Officers are trained in the Police Academy on the use of the shotgun, and qualify annually by the Police Department during range training.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Legal/Procedural Rules Governing Use:</strong></td>
<td>All applicable State, Federal and Local laws governing police use of force. Various Dos Palos Police Department Policies on Use of Force and Firearms.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>